



Proposed Comprehensive Development at Wo Shang Wai Yuen Long

Biannual EM&A Report on Ecology for
Nov 2013 - Apr 2014 (Rev A)

May 2014

Heng Shung Construction Co. Ltd.

Proposed Comprehensive Development at Wo Shang Wai Yuen Long

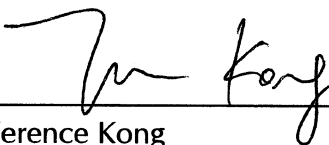
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**Pursuant to Condition 4.6 of Environmental Permit No. EP-311/2008/D,
this Biannual EM&A Report on ecological aspects for November 2013
to April 2014 has been reviewed, certified by the Environmental Team
Leader (ETL) and verified by the Independent Environmental Checker
(IEC).**


Certified by:



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Date 30 May 2014

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Date 18 July 2014

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1 Introduction

1.1 Background

In March 2005, the Project Proponent, Profit Point Enterprises Limited, acquired the development site at Wo Shang Wai in Yuen Long. An Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) was then carried out and approved under the EIA Ordinance (EIAO), and the Environmental Permit (EP) for construction of the comprehensive development in Wo Shang Wai was first granted by Environmental Protection Department (EPD) on 9 September 2008 (EP-311/2008) and has been subsequently varied, with the current version (EP-311/2008/D) issued by EPD on 20 March 2013.

The Project involves the residential development and associated infrastructure and wetland restoration area and linear landscape area. The construction works under the Environmental Permit commenced on 12 May 2010. The site formation construction works of the Wetland Restoration Area (hereafter WRA) were completed on 15 November 2010, while the 30-month establishment period of the WRA was concluded in October 2012 – this indicated that planting works as scheduled in the approved Wetland Restoration and Creation Scheme (WRCS; Nov 2009) were complete, except along the western and southern boundary where the planting is affected by the existing site boundary and noise barrier, and for which a Variation to Environmental Permit (EP-311/2008/C) to defer planting at the location was approved. This factor remains applicable in the current valid EP (EP-311/2008/D) which also includes specific mitigation measures to minimise certain identified noise impacts during the operation phase of the Project.

Mott MacDonald Hong Kong Ltd. (“MMHK”) has been commissioned by the Contractor, Heng Shung Construction Co. Ltd., to undertake the Environmental Team (ET) services to carry out environmental monitoring and audit (EM&A) for both pre-construction and construction phases of the Proposed Comprehensive Development at Wo Shang Wai, Yuen Long.

According to the EP Condition 4.6, the EM&A results on ecological aspects during the construction phase should be reported to the EIA Subcommittee of the Advisory Council on the Environment (ACE), EPD and Agriculture, Fisheries and Conservation Department (AFCD) on a biannual basis. This is the 8th Biannual EM&A report and it summarises the findings on EM&A results of ecological aspects during the period from 1 November 2013 to 30 April 2014. This report documents surveys and management activities conducted in the Survey Area and WRA from 1 November 2013 to 30 April 2014, which is based on ecological surveys and advices on management which were undertaken by the appointed ecological consultant (Green Power/Ecological Resource Centre) during the reporting period.

1.2 Survey Area

Surveys were conducted within 500m of the Project area. The WRA was surveyed since early September 2010. The survey area and transect are provided in [Figure 1.1](#).

1.3 EM&A Requirements on Ecological Impact

The EM&A programme requires environmental monitoring of ecology as specified in the approved EM&A Manual. A summary of ecological impact EM&A requirements is presented in **Table 1.1**:

Table 1.1: Summary of Ecological Impact EM&A Requirements

Descriptions	Locations	Frequencies
Birds	Within the Project Area and Assessment Area of 500m	Weekly
Dragonflies and Butterflies	Within the Project Area and Assessment Area of 500m	Once per month during Mar and Sep to Nov, and twice per month during Apr to Aug
Herpetofauna	Within the Project Area and Assessment Area of 500m	Daytime: Once per month during Apr to Nov Night-time: Once per month during Mar to Aug
Water quality of Wetland Restoration Area (WRA)	WRA	After filling of WRA with water, monthly for in situ water quality and every six months (end of wet season and end of dry season) for laboratory testing
Site Inspections	Within the Project Area and Assessment Area of 500m	Weekly

2 Ecological Monitoring

2.1 Introduction

In accordance with the EM&A requirements, monitoring of birds, dragonflies and butterflies, and herpetofauna was carried out during the reporting period. In addition, monitoring of mammals was also conducted concurrently with other surveys and the results were reported although it is not required by the EM&A Manual. The dates of surveys are summarised in [Appendix A](#).

2.2 Monitoring of Birds

Monitoring was undertaken following the survey methodology and frequency outlined in the EM&A Manual (Table 7-1). Since September 2010, monitoring included the newly formed cells to monitor faunal usage of this area. All bird species of conservation importance and/or wetland dependent were identified and enumerated. Flying birds were not recorded unless they were foraging and/or associated with the habitat (such as swifts). Further, notable bird observations during other surveys were also recorded.

Bird surveys were conducted on a weekly basis throughout the period. A total of 64 bird species were recorded in the Survey Area (excluding the WRA) in November 2013 to April 2014, 37 of which were species of conservation importance and/or wetland-dependence. A summary of survey data is provided in [Appendix B](#).

A total of 63 species were recorded in the WRA in the survey periods, 34 of which were species of conservation importance and/or wetland-dependent species. Of all three target species (i.e. Little Egret (*Egretta garzetta*), Eastern Cattle Egret (*Bubulcus coromandus*) and Chinese Pond Heron (*Ardeola bacchus*)), all of them were recorded in the WRA. The WRA has attracted a number of species of conservation interest, including Yellow Bittern, *Ixobrychus sinensis* (this species is listed by Fellowes *et al.* as of "Local Concern" in 2002), Black-faced Spoonbill, *Platalea minor* (this is an endangered species which also listed by Fellowes *et al.* as of "Potential Global Concern" in 2002), and one local concern wetland dependence species, Black-crowned Night Heron, *Nycticorax nycticorax*, indicating that the WRA was effective in providing habitat suitable for species of interest. Outside routine surveys, a Eurasian Eagle Owl, *Bubo bubo*, was observed in the WRA, indicating that the WRA was effective in providing habitat suitable for species of interest.

The fishponds to the north of the WRA are at a greater distance from the residential portion and any disturbance impact(s) from the construction works which would have first affected the WRA. Further, 34 bird species of conservation importance and/or wetland-dependence, were observed using the under review, including some bird species which are highly sensitive to disturbance and three target species (i.e. Little Egret, Eastern Cattle Egret and Chinese Pond Heron). Thus, the WRA is considered to be effective both in acting as a buffer against potential disturbance impacts from the construction site and in providing suitable wetland habitats and the fringe of the Deep Bay system.

2.3 Monitoring of Herpetofauna

Monitoring was undertaken following the survey methodology in the EM&A Manual. Day-time herpetofauna surveys were conducted once per month in November 2013 and April 2014. Further, notable herpetofauna observations during other surveys were also recorded.

No herpetofauna species were recorded in the survey area (excluding WRA) in the survey period.

Gunther's Frog, *Rana guentheri*, and Chinese Bull Frog, *Hoplobatrachus chinensis*, were recorded during the survey period within the WRA. Chinese Bull Frog is listed by Fellowes *et al.* as of "Potential Regional Concern" in 2002. A summary of survey data is provided in [Appendix C](#).

2.4 Monitoring of Dragonflies and Butterflies

Monitoring of dragonflies and butterflies was conducted once per month in November 2013 and March 2014 and twice per month in April 2014. Further, notable dragonfly and butterfly observations during other surveys were recorded.

A total of four dragonfly species and two butterfly species were recorded using the ponds in the survey area (excluding WRA) in the survey period. At the WRA, a higher diversity of dragonfly species (10 species) and butterfly species (7 species) were recorded. A summary of the survey findings is provided in [Appendix C](#).

2.5 Monitoring of Mammals

Monitoring of mammals was conducted concurrently with other surveys. No mammal was recorded in the Survey Area within the survey period.

Japanese Pipistrelle, *Pipistrellus abramus*, was recorded in the WRA during regular survey. A summary of the survey findings is provided in [Appendix C](#).

2.6 Monitoring of Water Quality

Monthly water quality monitoring continued during the reporting period. Monitoring parameters followed that in the EM&A Manual. During the reporting period, the pH of Cell 2 and 4 in November 2013 reached Action Levels, but returned to acceptable levels in the following month. Monitoring data are presented in [Appendix D](#).

3 Ecological Issues

3.1 Vegetation Management

Vegetation management activities undertaken at the site primarily involved watering of plants, tree pruning, weeding and grass cutting.

Removal of exotic vegetation in all cells was undertaken; these included but not limited to *Ipomoea* sp., *Mikania* sp., *Mimosa* sp., *Pennisetum* sp. and *Typha* sp..

3.2 Wildlife Management

Golden Apple Snails were removed on an “as-seen” basis.

All fire ant nests were treated with an approved pesticide and covered with overturn baskets for a week. All treated fire ant nests were inactive within one week of treatment.

4 Conclusions

4.1 Summary of Findings

Ecological monitoring between 1 November 2013 and 30 April 2014 was carried out following the survey methodology and frequency outlined in the EM&A Manual.

Summary of survey findings are listed as follows (**Table 4.1**):

Table 4.1: Summary of Ecological Monitoring in WRA and Survey Area

Species	Number recorded in Survey Area (excluding WRA)	Number recorded in WRA
Birds (total)	64	63
Birds (of conservation importance and/or wetland-dependence)	37	34
Amphibians	0	2
Reptiles	0	0
Mammals	0	1
Dragonflies	4	10
Butterflies	2	7

A total of 63 bird species, 2 amphibian species, 1 mammal species, 10 dragonfly species and 7 butterfly species were recorded in the WRA, including 34 bird species of conservation importance and/or wetland-dependence, while all dragonfly species are wetland-dependent. These findings indicate that the WRA is supporting wetland-dependent birds and other species of conservation importance.

Survey findings indicate that the WRA is attracting the three target species to varying degrees. During the survey period (i.e. November 2013 to April 2014), the site was particularly attractive to Little Egret, which was recorded on nearly-weekly basis, with monthly means ranging from 1.4 to 4.4 birds per survey. Chinese Pond Heron was also recorded every month in regular survey under review (November 2013 to April 2014) with monthly means ranging from 1.0 to 6.8 bird per survey. Eastern Cattle Egret was least attracted to the site, Eastern Cattle Egret was only recorded in April under review period (May 2013 to October 2013), with monthly means 1.6 birds per survey.

With the completion of planting as scheduled in the approved HCMP in August 2012, establishment work at the WRA is considered complete (except along the western and southern boundary where the planting is affected by the existing site boundary and noise barrier, and for which a previous Variation to Environmental Permit (EP-311/2008/C) to defer planting at the location was approved by EPD and remains applicable in the current valid EP (EP-311/2008/D)), and the 30-month establishment period concluded in October 2012. A review of the performance of the WRA in terms of target species attraction during and after the 30-month establishment period is provided in Section 4.2 below.

It should be noted that the high planting density was intended to ensure a rapid establishment of the site prior to occupation intake, and not intended to be maintained as a long-term tree density at the WRA. It is a standard arboricultural practice to apply appropriate horticultural/arboricultural maintenance methods in the subsequent five or six years after initial planting to remove less desired specimens to facilitate the

successful growth of those which are of higher landscape and/or ecological value. Further, some fine tuning of planting locations and tree/shrub mix is required in order to fulfill the design intent of the habitat structure at WRA after reviewing the site configuration following site formation. Vegetation management hereafter should largely consist of maintenance of planted trees and shrubs for the creation of suitable habitats for target species and long-term habitat structure of the site.

4.2 WRA Performance for the Target Species

The provision, maintenance and operation of a WRA are a requirement under the Environmental Permit for compensation for predicted ecological impacts to species of conservation importance. Three bird target species were identified during the EIA process; they are Little Egret, Eastern Cattle Egret and Chinese Pond Heron. Target levels of these species are the annual mean number recorded during the Baseline Ecological Monitoring (i.e. a mean of 5.5 Little Egret, 1.3 Eastern Cattle Egret and 1.3 Chinese Pond Heron over a 12 month period) thus, the ecological impact of the project to the species concerned is considered to have been fully compensated when the target level for each of the three species is achieved. Whilst further discussion and agreement regarding the target level is yet to be undertaken with the relevant Government departments prior to the operation of the WRA, the proposed level offers a clear reference to the effectiveness of the mitigation measures. According to the approved Wetland Creation and Restoration Scheme (Nov 2009, hereafter WCRS), the WRA was anticipated to be fully operational after an establishment period of 2.5 years (30 months).

Of all three target species, all of them were recorded using the site under review period (November 2013 – April 2014). Among all target species, Little Egret and Chinese Pond Heron were recorded in all six months and Eastern Cattle Egret was recorded in one month during the reporting period. **Table 4.2** below presents the target level achievement of the three target bird species during and after the establishment period.

Table 4.2: Annual Mean of the Three Bird Target Species Recorded at the WRA between May 2013 and Apr 2014

Common Name	Scientific Name	Conservation Status ⁽²⁾	Annual mean number recorded during the Baseline Ecological Monitoring	May 2013 – Apr 2014 *
Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>	PRC, (RC)	5.5	2.3
Eastern Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus coromandus</i>	(LC)	1.3	0.1
Chinese Pond Heron	<i>Ardeola bacchus</i>	PRC, (RC)	1.3	1.9

Note:

(1) Values in **bold** indicate that the Target Level was achieved.

(2) Conservation Status follows that of Fellowes et. al. (2002). See Appendix B (Table B3).

* The mean number of the target species was calculated in annual basis.

Based on **Table 4.2** above, the target levels for Little Egret and Eastern Cattle Egret have not been achieved between May 2013 and April 2014. As the Proposed Comprehensive Development at Wo Shang Wai is still under construction phase, it is considered acceptable. However, should this situation continue, a review of the management of the WRA and adaptive management steps will be required.

Preliminary actions will be taken to increase the WRA utilization by birds, results of these actions will be closely monitored. The mitigation actions are:

1. Lowering the water level;
2. Restocking the Cell in the WRA;
3. Installing flooding platform; and
4. Controlling the vegetation

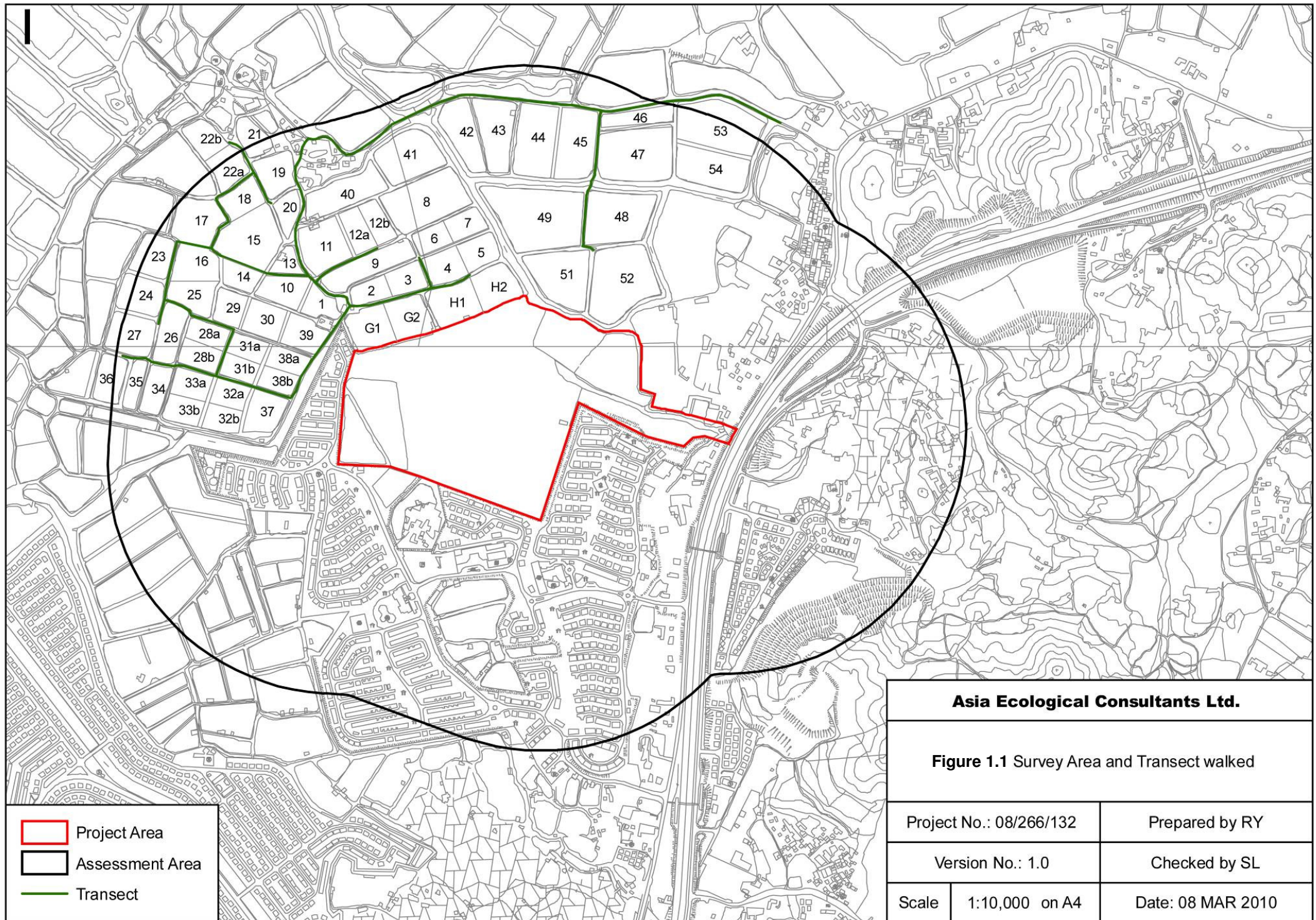
A total of 108 bird species have been recorded within the WRA since completion of site formation. Of the 108 species, 71 were species of conservation importance and/or wetland dependence - indicating that the WRA provides suitable habitat for these species despite the construction work within the residential portion of the Project Site. A list of the bird species recorded at the WRA since completion of site formation is provided in [Appendix B](#) (Table B4 & B5).

The site continuously attracts bird species of conservation importance, indicating that the WRA not only provides a buffer for potential disturbance during construction phase, it is also a valuable habitat for wetland dependent species and species of conservation importance.

5 References

5.1 List of References

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Appendix A. Schedule of Ecological Monitoring

Nov 2013	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	
Mammals	✓				✓							✓							✓							✓					
Birds	✓				✓							✓							✓							✓					
Herpetofauna												✓																			
Dragonflies & Butterflies												✓																			
Water Quality																											✓				
Inspection Visits	✓				✓			✓				✓			✓				✓			✓				✓			✓		
Dec 2013	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
Mammals			✓							✓							✓							✓							✓
Birds			✓							✓							✓							✓							✓
Herpetofauna																															
Dragonflies & Butterflies																															
Water Quality																				✓											
Inspection Visits			✓			✓				✓			✓				✓			✓				✓			✓				✓
Jan 2014	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
Mammals			✓				✓							✓							✓							✓			
Birds			✓				✓							✓							✓							✓			
Herpetofauna																															
Dragonflies & Butterflies																															
Water Quality																								✓							
Inspection Visits			✓				✓			✓				✓			✓				✓			✓				✓			

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Feb 2014	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28			
Mammals				✓							✓							✓							✓						
Birds				✓							✓							✓							✓						
Herpetofauna																															
Dragonflies & Butterflies																															
Water Quality																					✓							✓			
Inspection Visits				✓							✓			✓				✓			✓				✓						
Mar 2014	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
Mammals				✓							✓							✓							✓						
Birds				✓							✓							✓							✓						
Herpetofauna																															
Dragonflies & Butterflies																		✓													
Water Quality																					✓										
Inspection Visits				✓			✓				✓			✓				✓			✓				✓			✓			
Apr 2014	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	
Mammals	✓							✓							✓							✓						✓			
Birds	✓							✓							✓							✓						✓			
Herpetofauna								✓																							
Dragonflies & Butterflies								✓														✓									
Water Quality																											✓				
Inspection Visits	✓			✓				✓			✓				✓							✓			✓				✓		

Note:

1. Light grey cells indicate public holidays, Saturdays or Sundays.
2. Dark cells indicate that no survey was required during the relevant month.

Appendix B. Summary of Bird Surveys

Table B1. Summary of bird monitoring (for species of conservation importance and/or wetland-dependence) within the Survey Area (excluding the WRA)

Common Name ⁽⁴⁾	Scientific Name ⁽⁴⁾	Conservation Status ⁽²⁾	Nov Mean ⁽³⁾	Dec Mean ⁽³⁾	Jan Mean ⁽³⁾	Feb Mean ⁽³⁾	Mar Mean ⁽³⁾	Apr Mean ⁽³⁾
Little Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>	LC, (1)	10.0	8.6	5.6	6.3	5.0	3.6
Great Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>	PRC, (1)	8.4	8.0	3.4	5.3	3.5	
Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>	PRC, (1)	8.8	5.4	4.6	3.0	0.8	0.2
Great Egret	<i>Egretta alba</i>	PRC, (RC), (1)	4.0	4.0	3.8	3.0	16.3	3.0
Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>	PRC, (RC), (1)	17.8	9.8	9.6	13.5	67.5	23.2
Eastern Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus coromandus</i>	LC, (1)					0.3	9.0
Chinese Pond Heron	<i>Ardeola bacchus</i>	PRC, (RC), (1)	9.6	4.0	8.4	6.8	6.0	7.0
Black-crowned Night Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>	(LC), (1)		0.2				0.2
Yellow Bittern	<i>Ixobrychus sinensis</i>	LC, (1)	0.2					
Black-faced Spoonbill	<i>Platalea minor</i>	PGC, (1)	0.6		V	2.0	2.5	
Northern Shoveler	<i>Anas clypeata</i>	RC, (1)		1.2	5.8			
Tufted Duck	<i>Aythya fuligula</i>	LC, (1)		2.8	13.0	18.3	16.3	
Black Kite	<i>Milvus migrans</i>	RC, (1)		0.2	0.2	0.5	0.5	
Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>	(-)		V				
Peregrine Falcon	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>	LC		V				
White-breasted Waterhen	<i>Amaurornis phoenicurus</i>	(1)	1.0	1.6	V	0.5	0.3	0.6
Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>	(1)	0.8	0.4		0.5	0.3	0.6
Black-winged Stilt	<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>	(RC), (1)	0.6					
Pied Avocet	<i>Recurvirostra avosetta</i>	RC, (1)	4.6	V				
Little Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius dubius</i>	(LC), (1)	7.0	0.8		1.0	1.3	0.2
Kentish Plover	<i>Charadrius alexandrinus</i>	RC, (1)	1.8	V				

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Common Name ⁽⁴⁾	Scientific Name ⁽⁴⁾	Conservation Status ⁽²⁾	Nov Mean ⁽³⁾	Dec Mean ⁽³⁾	Jan Mean ⁽³⁾	Feb Mean ⁽³⁾	Mar Mean ⁽³⁾	Apr Mean ⁽³⁾
Green Sandpiper	<i>Tringa ochropus</i>	(1)			0.2			0.8
Wood Sandpiper	<i>Tringa glareola</i>	(LC), (1)						0.2
Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>	(1)	4.0	2.0	1.6	3.5	3.0	2.6
Common Snipe	<i>Gallinago gallinago</i>	(1)						0.2
Black-headed Gull	<i>Larus ridibundus</i>	PRC, LC, (1)					1.3	
Whiskered Tern	<i>Chlidonias hybrida</i>	LC, (1)				0.8	1.5	0.2
Eurasian Eagle Owl	<i>Bubo bubo</i>	RC				V		
Pied Kingfisher	<i>Ceryle rudis</i>	(LC), (1)	0.2	0.4		0.3	0.8	0.4
White-throated Kingfisher	<i>Halcyon smyrnensis</i>	LC, (1)	0.2	0.6	0.2	0.5	V	
Common Kingfisher	<i>Alcedo atthis</i>	(1)	2.2	1.6	1.0	0.5	1.0	2.4
Eastern Yellow Wagtail	<i>Motacilla tschutschensis</i>	(1)	1.6	2.6	3.2	2.0	2.3	5.8
White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>	(1)	10.4	11.0	8.2	11.8	6.5	7.4
Richard's Pipit	<i>Anthus richardi</i>	(1)			1.6	0.8	1.0	1.6
Red-billed Starling	<i>Spodiopsar sericeus</i>	(1)		2.6	5.4	6.8	1.3	0.8
White-cheeked Starling	<i>Spodiopsar cineraceus</i>	PRC, (1)	0.2					
Collared Crow	<i>Corvus torquatus</i>	LC, (1)	0.8	0.4			0.5	1.6
No. of species recorded			22	25	19	22	24	22

Note:

- (1) Indicates wetland-dependent or wetland-associated species.
- (2) Conservation status follows that of Fellowes et al. (2002) and BirdLife International listing (2010). See Table B3.
- (3) Refers to the mean number of individuals recorded in each survey in the Survey Area (excluding the WRA).
- (4) Follows HK bird list (dated 2013-3-25).
- (5) "V" indicates the species is recorded outside regular surveys.

Table B2. Summary of bird monitoring (for species of conservation importance and/or wetland-dependence) in the WRA

Common Name ⁽⁴⁾	Scientific Name ⁽⁴⁾	Conservation Status ⁽²⁾	Nov Mean ⁽³⁾	Dec Mean ⁽³⁾	Jan Mean ⁽³⁾	Feb Mean ⁽³⁾	Mar Mean ⁽³⁾	Apr Mean ⁽³⁾
Little Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>	LC, (1)	0.6	2.2	1.8	5.3	4.5	2.4
Great Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>	PRC, (1)	V	0.4	0.6	0.5		
Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>	PRC, (1)	2.8	2.6	1.6	2.5		
Great Egret	<i>Egretta alba</i>	PRC, (RC), (1)	0.6	2.4	1.2	1.8	0.8	0.2
Intermediate Egret	<i>Egretta intermedia</i>	RC, (1)				V		
Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>	PRC, (RC), (1)	1.4	2.4	4.4	4.0	3.8	3.2
Eastern Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus coromandus</i>	LC, (1)						1.6
Chinese Pond Heron	<i>Ardeola bacchus</i>	PRC, (RC), (1)	1.4	2.6	6.8	3.5	2.5	1.0
Black-crowned Night Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>	(LC), (1)					V	
Yellow Bittern	<i>Ixobrychus sinensis</i>	LC, (1)	0.4	0.2			V	V
Black-faced Spoonbill	<i>Platalea minor</i>	PGC, (1)				V	V	
Northern Shoveler	<i>Anas clypeata</i>	RC, (1)		1.2	7.0	5.5	V	
Black Kite	<i>Milvus migrans</i>	RC, (1)	0.2		V	0.5	0.8	0.4
Crested Serpent Eagle	<i>Spilornis cheela</i>	(LC)				V		
White-breasted Waterhen	<i>Amaurornis phoenicurus</i>	(1)	0.4				V	0.2
Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>	(1)					V	0.2
Black-winged Stilt	<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>	(RC), (1)	V					
Little Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius dubius</i>	(LC), (1)	0.4		V	0.5	0.8	
Common Greenshank	<i>Tringa nebularia</i>	LC, (1)		V			V	
Green Sandpiper	<i>Tringa ochropus</i>	(1)	0.6	V	V		0.5	
Wood Sandpiper	<i>Tringa glareola</i>	(LC), (1)	V	V	V	V	V	
Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>	(1)	1.6	0.2	V	0.3	1.3	0.2
Pintail Snipe	<i>Gallinago stenura</i>	(1)	V					
Eurasian Eagle Owl	<i>Bubo bubo</i>	RC	V			V		
Pied Kingfisher	<i>Ceryle rudis</i>	(LC), (1)		0.4	V	0.3	V	

Proposed Comprehensive Development at Wo Shang Wai Yuen Long

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Common Name ⁽⁴⁾	Scientific Name ⁽⁴⁾	Conservation Status ⁽²⁾	Nov Mean ⁽³⁾	Dec Mean ⁽³⁾	Jan Mean ⁽³⁾	Feb Mean ⁽³⁾	Mar Mean ⁽³⁾	Apr Mean ⁽³⁾
White-throated Kingfisher	<i>Halcyon smyrnensis</i>	LC, (1)		0.2				
Common Kingfisher	<i>Alcedo atthis</i>	(1)	2.0	1.6	1.2	2.3	0.8	1.0
Eastern Yellow Wagtail	<i>Motacilla tschutschensis</i>	(1)	0.2	0.6	0.6	1.0	0.3	0.2
White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>	(1)	3.6	2.6	1.2	1.3	2.5	1.6
Richard's Pipit	<i>Anthus richardi</i>	(1)		0.4	0.8	2.0	2.3	3.0
Zitting Cisticola	<i>Cisticola juncidis</i>	LC, (1)			0.4		0.3	1.2
Chinese Penduline Tit	<i>Remiz consobrinus</i>	RC, (1)		V		4.5	V	
Red-billed Starling	<i>Spodiopsar sericeus</i>	(1)				V		
Collared Crow	<i>Corvus torquatus</i>	LC, (1)	0.2			V	0.5	0.8
No. of species recorded			21	20	18	22	24	16

Note:

(1) Indicates wetland-dependent or wetland-associated species.

(2) Conservation status follows that of Fellowes et al. (2002) and BirdLife International listing (2010). See Table B3.

(3) Refers to the mean number of individuals recorded in each survey in the Survey Area (excluding the WRA)

(4) Follows HK bird list (dated 2013-3-25)

V Indicates the species is recorded outside regular surveys.

Table B3. Conservation Status Categories of Bird Species

Code	Category	Brief/Description	Source
GC	Global Concern	Habitat loss/damage in Hong Kong would pose significant threat to global survival	Fellowes <i>et al.</i> (2002)
RC	Regional Concern	Habitat loss/damage in Hong Kong would pose significant threat to regional survival.	
LC	Local Concern	Habitat loss/damage in Hong Kong would pose significant threat to local survival.	
PGC	Potential Global Concern	Large, secure population in Hong Kong is of global significance.	
PRC	Potential Regional Concern	Large, secure population in Hong Kong is of regional significance.	
CR	Critically Endangered	Best available evidence indicates that it meets any of the criteria A to E for Critically Endangered, and it is therefore considered to be facing an extremely high risk of extinction in the wild.	BirdLife International (2010)
EN	Endangered	Best available evidence indicates that it meets any of the criteria A to E for Endangered, and it is therefore considered to be facing a very high risk of extinction in the wild.	
VU	Vulnerable	Best available evidence indicates that it meets any of the criteria A to E for Vulnerable, and it is therefore considered to be facing a high risk of extinction in the wild.	
NT	Near Threatened	Does not qualify for Critically Endangered, Endangered or Vulnerable now, but is close to qualifying for or is likely to qualify for a threatened category in the near future.	

Table B4. Summary of Bird Species Recorded at the WRA and their Respective Monthly Mean between September 2010 and October 2012

Common name	Scientific name	Conservation status	Sep-10	Oct-10	Nov-10	Dec-10	Jan-11	Feb-11	Mar-11	Apr-11	May-11	Jun-11	Jul-11	Aug-11	Sep-11	Oct-11	Nov-11	Dec-11	Jan-12	Feb-12	Mar-12	Apr-12	May-12	Jun-12	Jul-12	Aug-12	Sep-12	Oct-12
Little Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>	LC, (1)					0.5						1.0	3.8	0.8	0.5	0.5		0.6		1.4	1.6	0.8	1.0	1.3	0.2		0.2
Great Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>	PRC, (1)					0.8									0.3	0.3	0.4	1.2	0.7	0.2							
Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>	PRC, (1)			1.0	1.6	2.0	2.0	0.4							1.0	2.5	1.8	0.8	2.3	0.8				0.3			0.4
Purple Heron	<i>Ardea purpurea</i>	RC, (1)														0.3	0.3											
Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>	PRC, (1)				0.4	14.0	2.0	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.3		1.5	1.8	0.8	1.2	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.6	1.0	0.3		0.4	0.5	1.5
Intermediate Egret	<i>Egretta intermedia</i>	RC, (1)					1.7	0.8	0.2						1.5	1.5	1.5	1.0	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.6				0.3	0.9	
Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>	PRC, (1)				1.8	8.0	2.0	0.4	0.5	0.8	0.3	0.3	1.0	1.0	0.5	1.5	1.6	1.4	2.0	1.6					0.8	0.3	1.2
Eastern Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus coromandus</i>	(LC), (1)										0.3	11.8		1.3	0.3			0.4					0.3		0.2		
Chinese Pond Heron	<i>Ardeola bacchus</i>	PRC, (1)			1.0	0.2				0.3	0.3	0.3	1.5	4.2	7.8	4.5	5.3	2.4	0.3	2.3	2.6	1.4	0.8	1.0	0.8	2.0	1.8	2.2
Yellow Bittern	<i>Ixobrychus sinensis</i>	(LC), (1)														0.3	0.3											
Black-crowned Night Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>	LC, (1)																										
Eurasian Spoonbill	<i>Platalea leucorodia</i>	LC, (1)																										
Black-faced Spoonbill	<i>Platalea minor</i>	PGC, EN, (1)					0.3	10.3											0.4									
Mandarin Duck	<i>Aix galericulata</i>	(1)														0.3												
Eurasian Wigeon	<i>Anas penelope</i>	RC, (1)				1.6	2.5																					
Eurasian Teal	<i>Anas crecca</i>	RC, (1)					1.0																					
Northern Pintail	<i>Anas acuta</i>	RC, (1)				0.2	7.0																					
Northern Shoveler	<i>Anas clypeata</i>	RC, (1)																										
Tufted Duck	<i>Aythya fuligula</i>	LC, (1)																										
Garganey	<i>Anas querquedula</i>	(1)																										
Western Osprey	<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>	RC, (1)				0.2																						
Black Kite	<i>Milvus migrans</i>	(RC)					0.8	0.3	0.2		0.3				0.3				0.2			0.2	0.5					0.4
Crested Serpent Eagle	<i>Spilornis cheela</i>	(LC)																										
Eastern Buzzard	<i>Buteo japonicus</i>	-							0.2																			
Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>	-			1.0	0.4	1.0	0.3	0.4																			
Eurasian Hobby	<i>Falco subbuteo</i>	(LC), (1)																										
Peregrine Falcon	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>	-																										
Imperial Eagle	<i>Aquila heliaca</i>	-																										
Japanese Quail	<i>Coturnix japonica</i>	LC, (1)																										
White-breasted Waterhen	<i>Amaurornis phoenicurus</i>	(1)									0.5	0.8	1.3	2.6	1.3	1.5	0.3				0.4			0.5	1.0	0.5		
Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>	(1)																							0.2			
Pheasant-tailed Jacana	<i>Hydrophasianus chirurgus</i>	LC, (1)															0.3											
Greater Painted-snipe	<i>Rostratula benghalensis</i>	LC, (1)								0.5																		
Black-winged Stilt	<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>	RC, (1)	8.0													1.0												
Pied Avocet	<i>Recurvirostra avosetta</i>	RC, (1)				0.2															0.2							
Oriental Pratincole	<i>Glareola maldivarum</i>	LC, (1)								2.5																		
Little Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius dubius</i>	LC, (1)	3.0		24.5	7.4	3.8	9.0	6.8	10.5	5.5	0.5		0.2						1.0	0.6							

Common name	Scientific name	Conservation status	Sep-10	Oct-10	Nov-10	Dec-10	Jan-11	Feb-11	Mar-11	Apr-11	May-11	Jun-11	Jul-11	Aug-11	Sep-11	Oct-11	Nov-11	Dec-11	Jan-12	Feb-12	Mar-12	Apr-12	May-12	Jun-12	Jul-12	Aug-12	Sep-12	Oct-12
Kentish Plover	<i>Charadrius alexandrinus</i>	RC, (1)																										
Spotted Redshank	<i>Tringa erythropus</i>	RC, (1)																										
Common Redshank	<i>Tringa totanus</i>	RC, (1)																										
Marsh Sandpiper	<i>Tringa stagnatilis</i>	RC, (1)																										
Common Greenshank	<i>Tringa nebularia</i>	RC, (1)			0.5												0.3	0.8	0.2									
Green Sandpiper	<i>Tringa ochropus</i>	(1)			1.0	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.4				0.3							0.2		0.2	0.4			0.2		
Wood Sandpiper	<i>Tringa glareola</i>	LC, (1)						0.5	1.2											0.8	0.3					0.6		
Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>	(1)	1.0		0.5	1.0		0.5	0.6	1.0	0.3			0.2								0.4	0.2					0.9
Eurasian Woodcock	<i>Scolopax rusticola</i>	(1)																										
Pintail/Swinhoe's Snipe*	<i>Gallinago stenura/G. megala</i>	LC*, (1)			0.5											0.3												
Common Snipe	<i>Gallinago gallinago</i>	(1)						0.3	0.2																			
Red-necked Stint	<i>Calidris ruficollis</i>	LC, (1)	3.0																									
Temminck's Stint	<i>Calidris temminckii</i>	LC, (1)			0.5			2.5	0.4	1.3																		
Long-toed Stint	<i>Calidris subminuta</i>	LC, (1)																		0.3								
Whiskered Tern	<i>Chlidonias hybrida</i>	(1)																					1.3					
Domestic Pigeon	<i>Columba livia</i>	-												DS														
Oriental Turtle Dove	<i>Streptopelia orientalis</i>	-													0.2													
Red Turtle Dove	<i>Streptopelia tranquebarica</i>	-																										
Spotted Dove	<i>Spilopelia chinensis</i>	-																DS		DS	DS		DS			DS		0.6
Asian Koel	<i>Eudynamys scolopaceus</i>	-																										
Greater Coucal#	<i>Centropus sinensis</i>																											
Eurasian Eagle Owl	<i>Bubo bubo</i>	RC																										
Savanna Nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus affinis</i>	-																										
Pacific Swift	<i>Apus pacificus</i>	(LC)								0.3																		
House Swift	<i>Apus nipalensis</i>	-	10.0						0.2												DS	DS						
Pied Kingfisher	<i>Ceryle rudis</i>	(LC), (1)				0.2	0.3	0.5	0.2			0.3									0.2				0.5			
Common Kingfisher	<i>Alcedo atthis</i>	(1)				0.4	0.5	0.3		0.3	0.5	1.0	0.3	1.0	0.8	0.5	0.8	1.0	0.4		0.8					0.6		0.4
White-throated Kingfisher	<i>Halcyon smyrnensis</i>	(LC)															0.3								0.3			
Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	-	25.0					1.5													DS	DS		DS		DS	DS	3.0
Red-rumped Swallow	<i>Hirundo daurica</i>	-																										
Eastern Yellow Wagtail	<i>Motacilla tschutschensis</i>	(1)			14.5	10.2	15.0	23.5	8.2	11.8	1.8			0.2	0.8	1.5	2.0	1.2	0.6		4.0	1.0						
Grey Wagtail	<i>Motacilla cinerea</i>	(1)				0.2		0.3	0.2						0.3													
White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>	(1)	3.0			1.8												DS	DS	DS	DS	DS				DS	1.8	3.2
Richard's Pipit	<i>Anthus richardi</i>	(1)			1.5	0.8	0.5	1.0	1.0	1.8	0.5					0.3		DS		DS	DS	DS						
Olive-backed Pipit	<i>Anthus hodgsoni</i>	-			0.5													DS										
Red-throated Pipit	<i>Anthus cervinus</i>	LC		2.0	2.5	1.2	0.5	0.5	0.2													0.4						0.7
Buff-bellied Pipit	<i>Anthus rubescens</i>	LC		1.0	1.5																							
Red-whiskered Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus jocosus</i>	-																										
Chinese Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus sinensis</i>	-																			DS		DS		DS			
Long-tailed Shrike	<i>Lanius schach</i>	-																	DS	DS					DS	DS		
Oriental Magpie Robin	<i>Copsychus saularis</i>	-																		DS								
Daurian Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus aureus</i>	-																										

Common name	Scientific name	Conservation status	Sep-10	Oct-10	Nov-10	Dec-10	Jan-11	Feb-11	Mar-11	Apr-11	May-11	Jun-11	Jul-11	Aug-11	Sep-11	Oct-11	Nov-11	Dec-11	Jan-12	Feb-12	Mar-12	Apr-12	May-12	Jun-12	Jul-12	Aug-12	Sep-12	Oct-12	
Stejneger's Stonechat	<i>Saxicola stejnegeri</i>	-		3.0	0.5	1.0	1.0	0.8	0.2	0.3						1.0		DS	DS		DS								
Masked Laughingthrush	<i>Garrulax perspicillatus</i>	-																						DS					
Lanceolated Warbler	<i>Locustella lanceolata</i>	(1)														0.3													
Pallas's Grasshopper Warbler	<i>Locustella certhiola</i>	LC, (1)														0.3													
Black-browed Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus bistrigiceps</i>	(1)														0.3													
Zitting Cisticola	<i>Cisticola juncidis</i>	LC							0.2	1.5	2.5	2.5	1.0	0.4		0.3	0.8	1.8	0.2	0.3	0.6					0.2			
Yellow-bellied Prinia	<i>Prinia flaviventris</i>	-																	DS		DS		DS		DS	DS	0.8	0.4	
Plain Prinia	<i>Prinia inornata</i>	-																			DS		DS		DS	DS			
Dusky Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus fuscatus</i>	-														0.5		DS											
Yellow-browed warbler	<i>Phylloscopus inornatus</i>	-																										1.4	
Chinese Penduline-Tit	<i>Remiz consobrinus</i>	RC, (1)																			1.2	0.2							
Japanese White-eye	<i>Zosterops japonica</i>	-																											
Little Bunting	<i>Emberiza pusilla</i>	-			0.5																								
Black-faced Bunting	<i>Emberiza spodocephala</i>	-								0.5																			
Chinese Grosbeak	<i>Eophona migratoria</i>	LC														0.3													
Scaly-breasted Munia	<i>Lonchura punctulata</i>	-	20.0				2.5		15.0	7.5													DS		DS	DS	1.5		
Eurasian Tree Sparrow	<i>Passer montanus</i>	-																			DS		DS		DS				
Red-billed Starling	<i>Spodiopsar sericeus</i>	GC													0.3		0.8	1.6	6.6	39.0	17.4								
White-cheeked Starling	<i>Spodiopsar cineraceus</i>	PRC												6.6															
Black-collared Starling	<i>Gracupica nigricollis</i>	-																DS	DS	DS	DS					DS			
White-shouldered Starling	<i>Sturnia sinensis</i>	(LC)									0.3		0.5	2.4															
Common Myna	<i>Acridotheres tristis</i>	(1)																		DS									
Crested Myna	<i>Acridotheres cristatellus</i>	–	3.0															DS					DS			DS		V	
Black-napped Oriole	<i>Oriolus chinensis</i>	LC													1.0														
Black Drongo	<i>Dicrurus macrocercus</i>	-																							DS	DS			
Azure-winged Magpie	<i>Cyanopica cyanus</i>	-																											
Eurasian Magpie	<i>Pica pica</i>	-																			DS					DS	0.3		
Large-billed Crow	<i>Corvus macrorhynchos</i>	-				0.4			0.2																				
Collared Crow	<i>Corvus torquatus</i>	LC, NT				0.2	0.3			0.5		0.3		0.8	0.8	0.8	0.5							0.8					
No. of species recorded	108																												

Note: Conservation Status follows that of Fellowes et. al. (2002)
 (1) Indicates the bird species is wetland dependent.
 * Pintail Snipe and Swinhoe's Snipe cannot be distinguished in field, conservation status refers to Swinhoe's Snipe.
 V Indicates the species is recorded outside regular surveys.
 DS Indicates species recorded during survey.
 # Greater Coucal is listed as vulnerable (VU) in China Red Data Book and it is protected under terrestrial wildlife state protection (category II).

Table B5. Summary of Bird Species Recorded at the WRA and their Respective Monthly Mean between November 2012 and April 2014

Common name	Scientific name	Conservation status	Nov-12	Dec-12	Jan-13	Feb-13	Mar-13	Apr-13	May-13	Jun-13	Jul-13	Aug-13	Sep-13	Oct-13	Nov-13	Dec-13	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14
Little Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>	LC, (1)	1.0	1.0	1.2	0.4	0.6	0.4	1.5	0.5		0.6	0.5	1.2	0.6	2.2	1.8	5.3	4.5	2.4
Great Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>	PRC, (1)	0.8	3.2	0.8	1.0	0.0	0.0						0.2	V	0.4	0.6	0.5		
Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>	PRC, (1)	0.8	1.4	0.8	1.4	0.0	0.0					V	1.0	2.8	2.6	1.6	2.5		
Purple Heron	<i>Ardea purpurea</i>	RC, (1)																		
Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>	PRC, (1)	1.4	0.6	1.0	0.8	0.2	0.6		0.8	0.6			0.6	0.6	2.4	1.2	1.8	0.8	0.2
Intermediate Egret	<i>Egretta intermedia</i>	RC, (1)	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0										V		
Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>	PRC, (1)	0.8	2.0	2.2	1.4	0.6	1.2	0.6	1.8	0.4	3.4	0.5	2.2	1.4	2.4	4.4	4.0	3.8	3.2
Eastern Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus coromandus</i>	(LC), (1)																		1.6
Chinese Pond Heron	<i>Ardeola bacchus</i>	PRC, (1)	1.6	2.2	2.4	0.4	0.0	0.0			0.8	2.0	0.5	1.4	1.4	2.6	6.8	3.5	2.5	1.0
Yellow Bittern	<i>Ixobrychus sinensis</i>	(LC), (1)						V	1.0	2.5	0.2	1.4	1.3	0.8	0.4	0.2			V	V
Black-crowned Night Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>	LC, (1)	V			0.2				0.3				V					V	
Eurasian Spoonbill	<i>Platalea leucorodia</i>	LC, (1)																		
Black-faced Spoonbill	<i>Platalea minor</i>	PGC, EN, (1)																V	V	
Mandarin Duck	<i>Aix galericulata</i>	(1)																		
Eurasian Wigeon	<i>Anas penelope</i>	RC, (1)																		
Eurasian Teal	<i>Anas crecca</i>	RC, (1)																		
Northern Pintail	<i>Anas acuta</i>	RC, (1)																		
Northern Shoveler	<i>Anas clypeata</i>	RC, (1)			V											1.2	7.0	5.5	V	
Tufted Duck	<i>Aythya fuligula</i>	LC, (1)			V															
Garganey	<i>Anas querquedula</i>	(1)																		
Western Osprey	<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>	RC, (1)																		
Black Kite	<i>Milvus migrans</i>	(RC)	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.2	0.3		1.2	0.8	0.2	0.2		V	0.5	0.8	0.4
Crested Serpent Eagle	<i>Spilornis cheela</i>	(LC)																V		
Eastern Buzzard	<i>Buteo japonicus</i>	-																		
Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>	-																		
Eurasian Hobby	<i>Falco subbuteo</i>	(LC), (1)																		
Peregrine Falcon	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>	-		V												V				
Imperial Eagle	<i>Aquila heliaca</i>	-			V															
Japanese Quail	<i>Coturnix japonica</i>	LC, (1)												V						
White-breasted Waterhen	<i>Amaurornis phoenicurus</i>	(1)	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.4	0.2	V	1.8	0.2	0.2	V	0.8	0.4				V	0.2
Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>	(1)																	V	0.2
Pheasant-tailed Jacana	<i>Hydrophasianus chirurgus</i>	LC, (1)																		
Greater Painted-snipe	<i>Rostratula benghalensis</i>	LC, (1)	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0												
Black-winged Stilt	<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>	RC, (1)									0.2	0.6	V	0.2	V					
Pied Avocet	<i>Recurvirostra avosetta</i>	RC, (1)	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0												
Oriental Pratincole	<i>Glareola maldivarum</i>	LC, (1)																		
Little Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius dubius</i>	LC, (1)	0.0	0.0	0.4	1.0	0.2	0.0						V	0.4		V	0.5	0.8	
Kentish Plover	<i>Charadrius alexandrinus</i>	RC, (1)									0.8				V					
Spotted Redshank	<i>Tringa erythropus</i>	RC, (1)												V						
Common Redshank	<i>Tringa totanus</i>	RC, (1)																		
Marsh Sandpiper	<i>Tringa stagnatilis</i>	RC, (1)																		
Common Greenshank	<i>Tringa nebularia</i>	RC, (1)	V	V	V		V									V	V		V	
Green Sandpiper	<i>Tringa ochropus</i>	(1)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2						1.0	0.6	V			0.5	
Wood Sandpiper	<i>Tringa glareola</i>	LC, (1)		V		V	V							V	V	V	V	V	V	

Common name	Scientific name	Conservation status	Nov-12	Dec-12	Jan-13	Feb-13	Mar-13	Apr-13	May-13	Jun-13	Jul-13	Aug-13	Sep-13	Oct-13	Nov-13	Dec-13	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14
Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>	(1)	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2		V	0.6	V	0.8	1.6	0.2	V	0.3	1.3	0.2
Eurasian Woodcock	<i>Scolopax rusticola</i>	(1)																		
Pintail/Swinhoe's Snipe*	<i>Gallinago stenura/G. megala</i>	LC*, (1)													V					
Common Snipe	<i>Gallinago gallinago</i>	(1)		V				V												
Red-necked Stint	<i>Calidris ruficollis</i>	LC, (1)																		
Temminck's Stint	<i>Calidris temminckii</i>	LC, (1)																		
Long-toed Stint	<i>Calidris subminuta</i>	LC, (1)																		
Whiskered Tern	<i>Chlidonias hybrida</i>	(1)																		
Domestic Pigeon	<i>Columba livia</i>	-																		
Oriental Turtle Dove	<i>Streptopelia orientalis</i>	-																		
Red Turtle Dove	<i>Streptopelia tranquebarica</i>	-																		
Spotted Dove	<i>Spilopelia chinensis</i>	-	0.4	1.2	0.4		0.2	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.8	2.8	2.0	2.6	2.6	3.0	6.2	2.3	2.0	1.0
Asian Koel	<i>Eudynamys scolopaceus</i>	-																		V
Greater Coucal#	<i>Centropus sinensis</i>								0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2		0.2	0.2					0.4
Eurasian Eagle Owl	<i>Bubo bubo</i>	RC											V		V			V		
Savanna Nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus affinis</i>	-				V				V									V	
Pacific Swift	<i>Apus pacificus</i>	(LC)																		
House Swift	<i>Apus nipalensis</i>	-		0.4	V												V	0.5		
Pied Kingfisher	<i>Ceryle rudis</i>	(LC), (1)						V				V				0.4	V	0.3	V	
Common Kingfisher	<i>Alcedo atthis</i>	(1)	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.6	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.8	1.0	2.0	1.6	1.2	2.3	0.8	1.0
White-throated Kingfisher	<i>Halcyon smyrnensis</i>	(LC)													V	0.2				
Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	-	0.2	1.0		0.2	9.2	23.0	11.2		1.4	1.8	1.0		V			0.5	7.8	15.4
Red-rumped Swallow	<i>Hirundo daurica</i>	-	1.2	1.2													0.6			
Eastern Yellow Wagtail	<i>Motacilla tschutschensis</i>	(1)	0.2	0.2	1.4	2.8	2.2	2.2	0.2					0.4	0.2	0.6	0.6	1.0	0.3	0.2
Grey Wagtail	<i>Motacilla cinerea</i>	(1)	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0													
White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>	(1)	2.6	1.0	1.0	3.0	4.8	2.0	1.0		1.2	0.4	3.5	2.8	3.6	2.6	1.2	1.3	2.5	1.6
Richard's Pipit	<i>Anthus richardi</i>	(1)	0.2	0.4	1.2	0.4	0.4									0.4	0.8	2.0	2.3	3.0
Olive-backed Pipit	<i>Anthus hodgsoni</i>	-				0.6	1.2	1.4												0.2
Red-throated Pipit	<i>Anthus cervinus</i>	LC																		
Buff-bellied Pipit	<i>Anthus rubescens</i>	LC																		
Red-whiskered Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus jocosus</i>	-						0.2		0.3		0.2			V		0.8	1.3	0.3	0.2
Chinese Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus sinensis</i>	-		0.2	2.0	0.2	0.2	3.2	2.0	3.8		2.4	3.5	0.2	1.8	4.0	3.8	0.5	0.8	1.6
Long-tailed Shrike	<i>Lanius schach</i>	-	0.2		0.4			0.2		V	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.2		0.2	V	0.3		
Oriental Magpie Robin	<i>Copsychus saularis</i>	-		0.2					0.2	0.5		0.2	0.3	V	0.2	0.2	0.4			0.2
Daurian Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus aureus</i>	-			0.2										0.2	0.2	0.4			
Stejneger's Stonechat	<i>Saxicola stejnegeri</i>	-	0.4	0.4	0.8			0.6						V	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.3	V
Masked Laughingthrush	<i>Garrulax perspicillatus</i>	-					0.6	1.2					1.0			0.4	0.8	V	0.5	0.2
Lanceolated Warbler	<i>Locustella lanceolata</i>	(1)																		
Pallas's Grasshopper Warbler	<i>Locustella certhiola</i>	LC, (1)																		
Black-browed Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus bistrigiceps</i>	(1)	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0												
Zitting Cisticola	<i>Cisticola juncidis</i>	LC		0.2			V										0.4		0.3	0.2
Yellow-bellied Prinia	<i>Prinia flaviventris</i>	-		0.8	0.6	0.8	1.4	4.6	4.4	5.0	2.4	1.8	3.0	2.4	0.8	1.0	0.8	1.3	2.8	0.8
Plain Prinia	<i>Prinia inornata</i>	-	1.2	0.4	V	1.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.8	0.4	0.3		0.4		0.2	V	0.8	2.0
Dusky Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus fuscatus</i>	-												V	0.4		0.4	0.8	1.5	V
Yellow-browed warbler	<i>Phylloscopus inornatus</i>	-	0.8	0.6																
Chinese Penduline-Tit	<i>Remiz consobrinus</i>	RC, (1)														V		4.5	V	

Common name	Scientific name	Conservation status	Nov-12	Dec-12	Jan-13	Feb-13	Mar-13	Apr-13	May-13	Jun-13	Jul-13	Aug-13	Sep-13	Oct-13	Nov-13	Dec-13	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14
Japanese White-eye	<i>Zosterops japonica</i>	-															0.2			0.6
Little Bunting	<i>Emberiza pusilla</i>	-																		
Black-faced Bunting	<i>Emberiza spodocephala</i>	-																	V	
Chinese Grosbeak	<i>Eophona migratoria</i>	LC																		
Scaly-breasted Munia	<i>Lonchura punctulata</i>	-				1.0	2.2	1.0			2.0	0.4	0.3			1.8	1.8	V	1.8	V
Eurasian Tree Sparrow	<i>Passer montanus</i>	-												0.8	V					
Red-billed Starling	<i>Spodiopsar sericeus</i>	GC																V		
White-cheeked Starling	<i>Spodiopsar cineraceus</i>	PRC																		
Black-collared Starling	<i>Gracupica nigricollis</i>	-			0.8	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2				0.8		0.8	1.6	0.8	0.5	1.8	0.2
White-shouldered Starling	<i>Sturnia sinensis</i>	(LC)									0.2									
Common Myna	<i>Acridotheres tristis</i>	(1)																		
Crested Myna	<i>Acridotheres cristatellus</i>	-	0.6						0.2	0.3	0.8	0.2			2.0	1.8	1.4	0.5	1.3	1.0
Black-naped Oriole	<i>Oriolus chinensis</i>	LC																		
Black Drongo	<i>Dicrurus macrocercus</i>	-											0.3	0.4	V					V
Azure-winged Magpie	<i>Cyanopica cyanus</i>	-													V					
Eurasian Magpie	<i>Pica pica</i>	-								0.3					V		0.8	V	0.3	0.2
Large-billed Crow	<i>Corvus macrorhynchos</i>	-								1.0										
Collared Crow	<i>Corvus torquatus</i>	LC, NT						V						0.2	0.2			V	0.5	0.8
No. of species recorded	108																			

Note: Conservation Status follows that of Fellowes et. al. (2002)
(1) Indicates the bird species is wetland dependent.
* Pintail Snipe and Swinhoe's Snipe cannot be distinguished in field, conservation status refers to Swinhoe's Snipe.
V Indicates the species is recorded outside regular surveys.
DS Indicates species recorded during survey.
Greater Coucal is listed as vulnerable (VU) in China Red Data Book and it is protected under terrestrial wildlife state protection (category II).

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Appendix C. Summary of Herpetofauna Monitoring, Mammals and Insects Surveys

Table C1. Summary of herpetofauna monitoring within the Survey Area (excluding the WRA)

Common Name	Scientific Name	Conservation Status ⁽²⁾	Mean ⁽¹⁾					
Amphibians			Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr
No amphibian was recorded during the survey period	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	0
		No. of Species Recorded	0	-	-	-	-	0
Reptiles			Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr
No reptile was recorded during the survey period	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	0
		No. of Species Recorded	0	-	-	-	-	0

(1) Conservation status follows that of Fellowes et al. (2002), Chan et al. (2005) and Karsen et al. (1998).

(2) Indicates number of surveys recorded within the reporting period.

(3) Refers to the mean number of individuals recorded in the reporting period (excluding the WRA)

v Indicates the species is recorded outside regular surveys.

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Table C2. Summary of herpetofauna monitoring in the WRA

Common Name	Scientific Name	Conservation Status ⁽²⁾	Mean ⁽¹⁾					
Amphibians			Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr
Gunther's Frog	<i>Rana guentheri</i>	-	0	-	-	-	-	3.0
Chinese Bullfrog	<i>Hoplobatrachus chinensis</i>	PRC	V	-	-	-	-	0
		No. of Species Recorded	1	-	-	-	-	1
Reptiles			Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr
No reptile was recorded during the survey period	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	0
		No. of Species Recorded	0	-	-	-	-	0

(1) Conservation status follows that of Fellowes et al. (2002), Chan et al. (2005) and Karsen et al. (1998).

(2) Indicates number of surveys recorded within the reporting period.

(3) Refers to the mean number of individuals recorded in the reporting period (excluding the WRA)

V indicates the species is recorded outside regular surveys.

Table C3. Summary of mammal monitoring in the Survey Area (excluding the WRA)

Common Name	Scientific Name	Conservation Status ⁽²⁾	Mean ⁽¹⁾					
			Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr
No mammal was recorded during the survey period	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	0
		No. of Species Recorded	0	0	0	0	0	0

(1) Conservation status follows that of Fellowes et al. (2002) and Shek (2006).

(2) Refers to the maximum number of individuals recorded in each month in the survey area (excluding WRA).

Table C4. Summary of mammal monitoring in the WRA

Common Name	Scientific Name	Conservation Status ⁽²⁾	Mean ⁽¹⁾					
			Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr
Pipistrelle	<i>Pipistrellus</i> sp.	-	0	0	0	0	0	V
No. of Species Recorded			0	0	0	0	0	1

(1) Conservation status follows that of Fellowes et al. (2002) and Shek (2006).

(2) Refers to the maximum number of individuals recorded in each month in the survey area (excluding WRA)

V indicates the species is recorded outside regular surveys

Table C5. Summary of dragonfly and butterfly monitoring in the Survey Area (excluding the WRA)

Common Name	Scientific Name	Conservation Status ⁽²⁾	Mean ⁽¹⁾					
Odonate			Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr
Common Flangetail	<i>Ictinogomphus pertinax</i>	-	0	-	-	-	0	0.5
Green Skimmer	<i>Orthetrum sabina sabina</i>	-	0	-	-	-	0	1.5
Variegated Flutterer	<i>Rhyothemis variegata arria</i>	-	0	-	-	-	0	2.0
Wandering Glider	<i>Pantala flavescens</i>	-	0	-	-	-	0	2.0
		No. of Species Recorded	0	-	-	-	0	1.5
Butterfly			Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr
Indian Cabbage White	<i>Pieris canidia canidia</i>	-	0	-	-	-	1.0	4.5
Pale Grass Blue	<i>Pseudozizeeria maha serica</i>	-	0	-	-	-	0	1.5
		No. of Species Recorded	0	-	-	-	1	2

(1) Conservation status follows that of Fellowes et al. (2002), Lo & Hui (2004), Wilson (2004) and Young & Yiu (2002).

(2) refers to the mean number of individuals recorded in each month in the survey area (excluding the WRA)

Table C6. Summary of dragonfly and butterfly monitoring in the WRA

Common Name	Scientific Name	Conservation Status ⁽²⁾	Mean ⁽¹⁾					
Odonate			Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr
Asian Amberwing	<i>Brachythemis contaminata</i>	-	0	-	-	-	0	0.5
Common Bluetail	<i>Ischnura senegalensis</i>	-	0	-	-	-	0	2.0
Common Flangetail	<i>Ictinogomphus pertinax</i>	-	0	-	-	-	0	1.5
Green Skimmer	<i>Orthetrum sabina sabina</i>	-	0	-	-	-	0	3.5
Indigo Dropwing	<i>Trithemis festiva</i>	-	0	-	-	-	0	1.0
Lesser Emperor	<i>Anax parthenope julius</i>	-	0	-	-	-	0	0.5
Orange-tailed Sprite	<i>Ceriagrion auranticum ryukyuanum</i>	-	0	-	-	-	0	0.5
Pied Skimmer	<i>Pseudothemis zonata</i>	-	0	-	-	-	0	1.0
Variegated Flutterer	<i>Rhyothemis variegata arria</i>	-	0	-	-	-	0	8.5
Wandering Glider	<i>Pantala flavescens</i>	-	0	-	-	-	0	1.0
		No. of Species Recorded	0	-	-	-	0	10
Butterfly			Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr
Common Grass Yellow	<i>Eurema hecabe hecabe</i>	-	1.0	-	-	-	0	0
Indian Cabbage White	<i>Pieris canidia canidia</i>	-	2.0	-	-	-	4.0	0
Pale Grass Blue	<i>Pseudozizeeria maha serica</i>	-	0	-	-	-	2.0	0.5
Lemon Emigrant	<i>Catopsilia pomona pomona</i>	-	0	-	-	-	1.0	0
Blue-spotted Crow	<i>Euploea midamus midamus</i>	-	0	-	-	-	1.0	0
Common Bluebottle	<i>Graphium sarpedon sarpedon</i>	-	0	-	-	-	1.0	0
Great Mormon	<i>Papilio memnon agenor</i>	-	0	-	-	-	1.0	0
		No. of Species Recorded	2	-	-	-	6	1

(1) Conservation status follows that of Fellowes et al. (2002), Lo & Hui (2004), Wilson (2004) and Young & Yiu (2002).

(2) Refers to the mean number of individuals recorded in each month in the survey area (excluding the WRA)

Appendix D. Summary of Water Quality Monitoring

Table D1. Water quality at WRA

November 2013

Cell No.	Temp. (°C)	pH	Salinity (ppt)	Turbidity (mg/L)	DO (mg/L)
1	29.1	8.00	0.85	11.2	6.2
2	29.0	8.11	1.04	9.7	5.5
3	29.0	7.99	0.87	6.2	4.9
4	28.7	8.21	0.89	18.7	5.5

December 2013

Cell No.	Temp. (°C)	pH	Salinity (ppt)	Turbidity (mg/L)	DO (mg/L)
1	19.7	7.69	0.50	17.3	7.6
2	19.9	7.74	0.54	12.8	8.0
3	20.3	7.67	0.51	16.9	7.0
4	20.0	7.73	0.49	14.5	6.9

January 2014

Cell No.	Temp. (°C)	pH	Salinity (ppt)	Turbidity (mg/L)	DO (mg/L)
1	18.5	7.82	0.58	21.4	7.6
2	18.2	7.77	0.60	20.6	7.5
3	18.6	7.91	0.64	24.5	8.5
4	19.0	7.82	0.65	19.1	7.3

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February 2014

Cell No.	Temp. (°C)	pH	Salinity (ppt)	Turbidity (mg/L)	DO (mg/L)
1	14.8	7.93	0.51	26.6	12.4
2	14.9	7.82	0.65	22.1	11.4
3	15.4	7.76	0.63	21.3	10.6
4	15.6	7.84	0.64	26.6	10.6

March 2014

Cell No.	Temp. (°C)	pH	Salinity (ppt)	Turbidity (mg/L)	DO (mg/L)
1	19.5	7.65	0.55	31.1	8.2
2	19.2	7.71	0.70	14.8	8.4
3	19.2	7.80	0.70	11.7	8.5
4	19.7	7.93	0.58	18.2	8.6

April 2014

Cell No.	Temp. (°C)	pH	Salinity (ppt)	Turbidity (mg/L)	DO (mg/L)
1	22.5	7.88	0.42	17.6	8.1
2	22.4	7.91	0.44	15.3	8.6
3	22.6	7.79	0.47	16.8	8.0
4	22.6	7.88	0.47	16.4	8.5

Notes: Values **Bold** indicate Action Level exceedance.
Values **Underlined and Bold** indicate Limit Level exceedance.